

# *Logical Operations*

*CFR-210*

*Logical Operations CyberSec First Responder*



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## **Product Version**

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- ✓ **Questions and Answers in PDF Format.**

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## Latest Version: 6

### Question: 1

An attacker performs reconnaissance on a Chief Executive Officer (CEO) using publicly available resources to gain access to the CEO's office. The attacker was in the CEO's office for less than five minutes, and the attack left no traces in any logs, nor was there any readily identifiable cause for the exploit. The attacker is then able to use numerous credentials belonging to the CEO to conduct a variety of further attacks. Which of the following types of exploit is described?

- A. Pivoting
- B. Malicious linking
- C. Whaling
- D. Keylogging

**Answer: C**

### Question: 2

Which of the following is an automated password cracking technique that uses a combination of upper and lower case letters, 0-9 numbers, and special characters?

- A. Dictionary attack
- B. Password guessing
- C. Brute force attack
- D. Rainbow tables

**Answer: C**

### Question: 3

A zero-day vulnerability is discovered on a company's network. The security analyst conducts a log review, schedules an immediate vulnerability scan, and quarantines the infected system, but cannot determine the root cause of the vulnerability. Which of the following is a source of information that can be used to identify the cause of the vulnerability?

- A. [www.virustotal.com](http://www.virustotal.com)
- B. Security RSS feeds
- C. Security software websites
- D. Government websites

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**Answer: C**

**Question: 4**

The Chief Information Officer (CIO) of a company asks the incident responder to update the risk management plan. Which of the following methods can BEST help the incident responder identify the risks that require in-depth analysis?

- A. Qualitative analysis
- B. Targeted risk analysis
- C. Non-targeted risk analysis
- D. Quantitative analysis

**Answer: D**

**Question: 5**

A security analyst for a financial services firm is monitoring blogs and reads about a zero-day vulnerability being exploited by a little-known group of hackers. The analyst wishes to independently validate and corroborate the blog's posting. Which of the following sources of information will provide the MOST credible supporting threat intelligence in this situation?

- A. Similar cybersecurity blogs
- B. Threat intelligence sharing groups
- C. Computer emergency response team press release
- D. Internet searches on zero-day exploits

**Answer: C**

**Question: 6**

Which of the following could an attacker use to perpetrate a social engineering attack? (Choose two.)

- A. Keylogger
- B. Yagi
- C. Company uniform
- D. Blackdoor
- E. Phone call

**Answer: A,E**

## Question: 7

During review of a company's web server logs, the following items are discovered:

2015-03-01 03:32:11 www.example.com/index.asp?id=-999 or 1=convert(int,@@version)—

2015-03-01 03:35:33 www.example.com/index.asp?id=-999 or 1=convert(int,db\_name())—

2015-03-01 03:38:25 www.example.com/index.asp?id=-999 or 1=convert(int,user\_name())—

Which of the following is depicted in the log example above?

- A. An administrator using the web interface for application maintenance
- B. Normal web application traffic
- C. A web application scan
- D. An attempt at enumeration via SQL injection

**Answer: D**

## Question: 8

An attacker has exfiltrated the SAM file from a Windows workstation. Which of the following attacks is MOST likely being perpetrated?

- A. user enumeration
- B. Brute forcing
- C. Password sniffing
- D. Hijacking/rooting

**Answer: C**

## Question: 9

Which of the following describes the MOST important reason for capturing post-attack metadata?

- A. To assist in updating the Business Continuity Plan
- B. To assist in writing a security magazine article
- C. To assist in fortification of defenses to prevent future attacks
- D. To assist in improving security awareness training

**Answer: C**

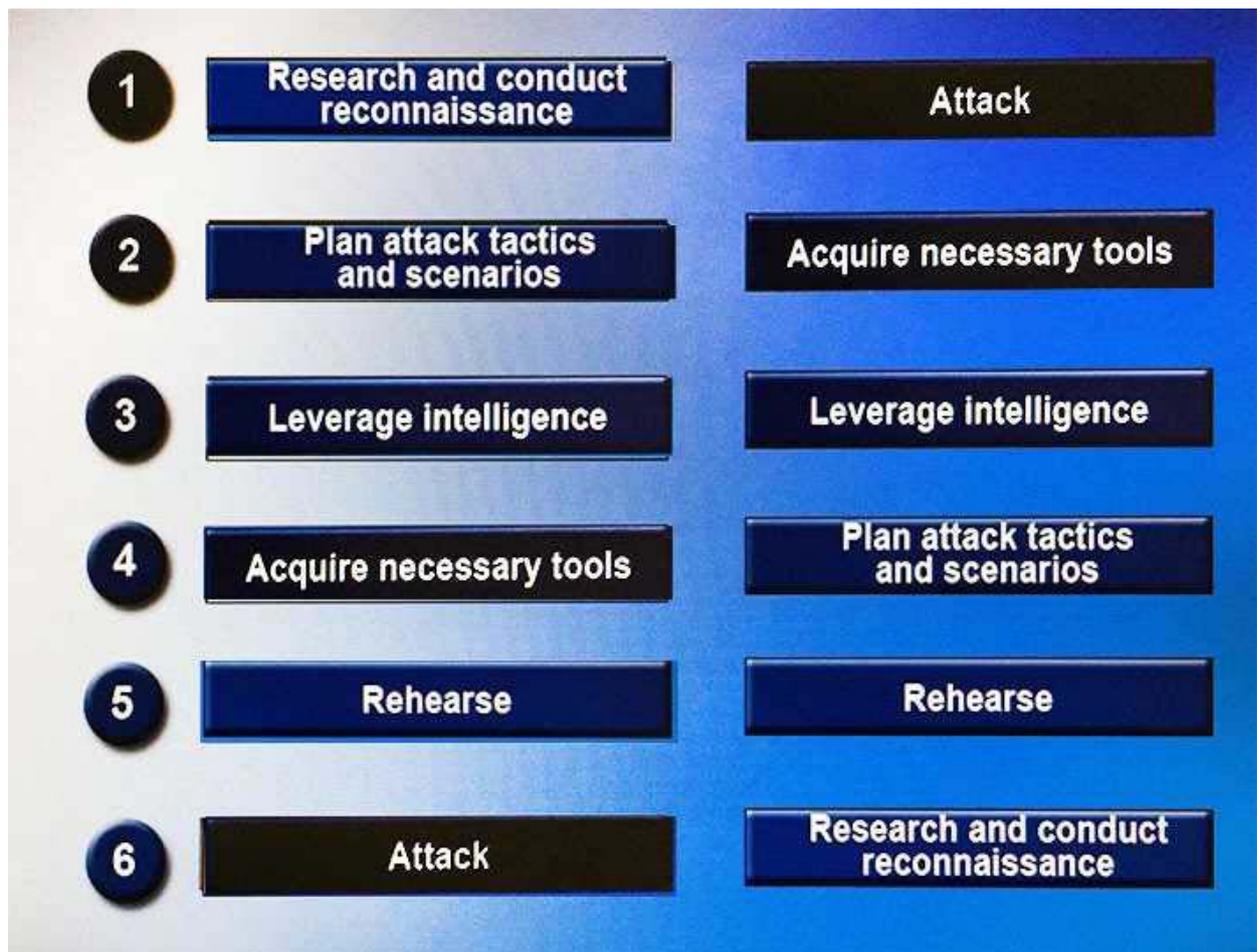
## Question: 10

**DRAG DROP**

Drag and drop the following steps to perform a successful social engineering attack in the correct order, from first (1) to last (6).

The interface consists of six numbered slots on the left, each with a white rectangular box for a step label. To the right of these slots are six dark blue buttons with white text, each representing a step in the attack process. The steps are:

- 1. Attack
- 2. Acquire necessary tools
- 3. Leverage intelligence
- 4. Plan attack tactics and scenarios
- 5. Rehearse
- 6. Research and conduct reconnaissance



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